# Section 4

**Empires of Ancient India** 

### The Rise of the Mauryan Empire

- Chandragupta Maurya
  - Born in \_\_\_\_\_\_, later became king
  - Expanded empire much larger
  - Read \_\_\_\_\_\_- govern with absolute power-secret police
  - Army of thousands- plus 9000 \_\_\_\_\_\_

# The Rise of the Mauryan Empire

- Economic success from farming
- Traded as far away as Greece and Egypt
- Later became \_\_\_\_\_ of assassination-

  - Slept in a different room every night
  - moved to south, became a monk and starved to death while fasting
- Wealth under Chandragupta improved empire
  - Irrigation
  - Cleared forests for more farming
  - Road network

### Asoka's Leadership

- Asoka (without sorrow)
  - Chandragupta's grandson
  - Very harsh at first- expanded empire south
  - 261 bc \_\_\_\_\_\_- very bloody- thousands killed
    - Changed Asoka- freed prisoners and converted to a nonviolent Buddhist

# Asoka's Leadership

- The Buddhist Leader
  - Animals could not be sacrificed, gave up hunting (traditional for Indian kings)
  - treated subjects like his children- concerned for the spiritual and physical health
    - Built \_\_\_\_\_ and had wells dug every mile along roads
    - Wrote moral advice- honor parents, don't kill animals, be honest and have tolerance
  - \_\_\_\_\_\_ spread under Asoka

### The Gupta Empire

- Gupta Empire
  - After Asoka died, Mauryan empire collapsed- India broke into small kingdoms
  - 320 AD- Gupta rise to power- lasted until 540AD in northern India
  - Rich culture
    - Cloth painting invented
    - Hindu colleges
    - \_\_\_\_\_\_- famous Indian writer
    - Decimal point and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_