Egyptian Religion

SECTION 3

Introduction

- Believed in afterlife (______)
- Pharaohs bodies were preserved as
 - _____- wrapped in linens- 100 days after death
- Then buried in royal tomb and sealed

Egyptian Gods and Goddesses

- Regional Differences
 - Early- towns and villages had their own godshumans with animal heads
 - All had principal gods- sun god, _____- falcon god, ______
 - Later, all Egyptians believed in several groups of gods

Egyptian Gods and Goddesses

Important Gods

	chief god- protected rich
	and poor
	• in sunrise, in
	sunset- desert was home of the dead
_	god of living and dead
_	Osiris' wife- great
	mother
_	sky god- son of Osiris and
	Isis

Belief in an Afterlife

- Journey to the Afterlife
 - Rode in ______
 - If lived a good life-joined Osiris in heaven-like place- buried with food and treasures for afterlife
 - Old Kingdom- afterlife only for kings and associates
 - Middle Kingdom- all thought to experience afterlife

Belief in an Afterlife

- Preparing the Dead
 - Before pyramids- buried in ______

 - Spirit would leave mummy but return to receive food offerings
 - By Fourth Dynasty- artificial mummification
 - Expensive- 2-3 months- organs removed, body filled with salt, sat for 40 days
 - Once dried, cleaned with spices and wrapped in linens
 - Three or four coffins- one inside the other

The Pharaohs' Tombs

- The Pyramids
 - Built during 4th Dynasty- almost all during Old Kingdom

The Pharaohs' Tombs

- The Building Process
 - GP- 2 million stones- each about 5k pounds
 - Pyramids could take >20 years to build
 - Always on the _____ of the Nilewhy?
 - Set square- each side faced a cardinal direction
 - Inner stones came from local quarries
 - Outer stones from further- often Nubia
 - Loaded on ______ and moved down river

The Pharaohs' Tombs

Teamwork

- Used sleds, wooden rollers, and levers to move stones up
- Dragged/pushed up ______
- Workers often were killed by falling stones
- Thought to be local ______, not slaves