Section 2

THE BEGINNINGS OF ISLAM

The Arabian Peninsula

- Nomadic
 - Mostly ______- no major rivers and little rain

People made a living in _____

_____ (people that have no

permanent home but move from place to place in search of food, water, or pasture)

- Bedouins moved from _____ with their herds of camels, sheep, and goats
- Also worked as guides for traders- traveled in large groups called _____

The Arabian Peninsula

- : A Center of Trade
- City that formed in an oasis
- From Mecca northwest to present day
 _____ then shipped across

Mediterranean

- From Mecca northeast to present-day Iraq or south to ______
- Shipped spices, perfume, incense, cloth, ivory, gold

Muhammad

- Muhammad's Mission
 - Born in Mecca around 570
 - Worked for caravans- often visited Syria- part of Byz Empire
 - Liked to hike mountains around Mecca- prayed and thought about ______
 - According to Islam, while in a ______ praying an ______ spoke to him and said God wanted him to teach people that there was one true God
 - People that accepted his teachings became known as
 _____- "a person that submits"

Their religion is called ______

Muhammad

- Many people traveled to Mecca to pray to ancient gods in an ancient shrine called the _____
- People thought his teachings their old gods
 - If they abandoned old gods Mecca would fall as a trade center as _____
 - Also thought Muhammad might try to get political gain
- Muhammad taught everyone was brother and sister and ______- still few listened

Muhammad

- Muhammad in Medina
 - _____- Muhammad and his peeps were invited to ______- city north of Mecca
 - They thought he was a _____
 - This movement of people was called the ("the migration"
 - Became year 1 in the _____
 - Yathrib changed its name to Medina- ____
 - Later returned to Mecca in triumph and Islam had spread across all of Arabian Peninsula