

Chapter 3

Earth's Human and Cultural Geography

WORLD POPULATION

SECTION 1

Population Growth

– In the last 200 years, pop. has gone from

- Reasons for Population Growth

- _____ (# of deaths per 1000 people) has gone down

- Better health care, living conditions, more food

- _____ (# of kids born per 1000 people) has gone up in Asia, Africa, and Latin America

Population Growth

- Challenges of Population Growth
 - More _____ is needed
 - Better technology, irrigation, and hardier plants
 - Warfare and crop failures can lead to _____ (severe lack of food)
 - Shortages of _____
 - More _____ needed:
hospital and schools

Where People Live

- Population Distribution
 - 30% of Earth is land, only _____ is used by humans
 - Pop. on usable land is not

 - 2/3 of world population in 5 regions:
 - 1. East Asia
 - 2. South Asia
 - 3. Southeast Asia
 - 4. Europe
 - 5. North America
 - All regions have fertile soil, mild climates, natural resources, and water

Where People Live



– The average # of people per square mile/km

- Total _____ divided by total _____
- Malaysia and Norway- 130,000 square miles
 - Norway pop. dens. = 40
 - Malaysia pop. dens. = 205
- Not evenly distributed around country- same country could have EXTREMELY high pop. dens. around cities

Population Movement

- Types of Migration

- _____ - place to place
inside a country

- Farms/villages to cities- _____
 - Rapid in Asia, Africa, and Latin America

- _____ - movement
between countries

- _____ - to leave a country
 - Become immigrants to new country
 - Has increased in last 200 years bc of
_____ improvements

Population Movement

- Reasons People Move

- _____
- _____ - people who are forced to flee to another country to escape wars, persecution, or natural disasters

Population Movement

- Impact of Migration

- When emigrants leave, populations decrease (or increase slower)

- Can _____ +

- Can _____ -

- Can _____ -

- Immigrants also effect new country

- Bring in _____ +

- Can bring

- _____ -